



LoRaWAN Modbus Gateway

The Lobar LoRaWAN Modbus Gateway is a **LoRaWAN Gateway** with integrated LoRaWAN Network Server **providing sensor data via Modbus**.

Hardware Components

| LoRaWAN Gateway | |
|---|---|
| IMST Version | RAK Version |
|  |  |
| Currently not available | New Version based on RAK Wireless |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">LoRaWANConnectivity: LANOrder number: 8000101Type: LOB-GW-MODBUS-LW-IMST | <ul style="list-style-type: none">LoRaWANConnectivity: LTE / LAN / WLANOrder number: 8000202Type: LOB-GW-MODBUS-LW-RAK |

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Software Components

- Chirpstack Network Server
 - Semtech Packet Forwarder
 - Chirpstack Gateway Bridge
 - Chirpstack Network Server

- Chirpstack Application Server
- Postgres
- Redis
- Lobar Modbus Server

Usually you will not need to change anything inside the Chirpstack Application Server. All devices are managed by the Lobar Modbus Server.

Remote access

Per default the gateway obtains the IP address via DHCP. If configured with a fixed IP address, the gateway has a label with the configured IP address and subnet.

SSH Access

The gateway can be accessed via SSH on port 22. Default login credentials are:

- User: pi
- Password: lobarogw
- IP: DHCP with fallback to 192.168.0.1/24 (IMST) or 192.168.0.1/24 (RAK)
 - On RAK with latest image also possible via WLAN AP:
 - Default SSID "RAKMBG_XXYY" (XX and YY last bytes of WLAN adapter MAC) and password "lobarowireless", RAK IP 192.168.230.1

Management UI

- IMST version: <http://192.168.100.26:8081/>
- RAK version:
 - LAN: <http://192.168.0.1:8081/>
 - WLAN: <http://192.168.230.1:8081/>
- User & Password: Same as Chirpstack

Chirpstack

- <http://192.168.0.1:8080/> or IP from DHCP
- User: admin
- Password: lobarogw

SD Card write protection



Write protection on the SD card was removed in current firmware releases

To change any file on the SD Card (including all config files) you need to execute the script:

```
~/enableWriteAccess.sh
```

To disable write access, restart the gateway or execute:

```
~/disableWriteAccess.sh
```

Lobar Modbus Server

The Lobar Modbus Server (`lobaro-modbus-server`) is responsible for fetching data from the local LoRaWAN Network Server and provides received data via modbus.



vim can be used to edit files.

To use WinSCP with the user "pi" the files need write access:

```
sudo chmod o+wr /etc/lobaro-modbus-server/lobaro-modbus-server.yml
```

Open or change configuration of the Lobar Modbus Server:

```
sudo vim /etc/lobaro-modbus-server/lobaro-modbus-server.yml
```

After editing the configuration `lobaro-modbus-server` must be restarted:

```
sudo systemctl restart lobaro-modbus-server
```

Check the status with

```
sudo systemctl status lobaro-modbus-server
```

Check the logs with

```
sudo journalctl --no-pager -e -u lobaro-modbus-server
```

Weitere Services

There are other services running to operate the gateway.

- `lobaro-modbus-server`
- `redis-server`
- `postgresql / postgresql@9.6-main.service`
- `mosquitto`
- `IoTSemtech`
- `chirpstack-gateway-bridge`
- `chirpstack-network-server`
- `chirpstack-application-server`

Useful commands:

```
# Status:
sudo systemctl status <service-name>
# Start / Stop / Restart
sudo systemctl start <service-name>
sudo systemctl stop <service-name>
sudo systemctl restart <service-name>
# Logs
sudo journalctl --no-pager -e -u <service-name>
```

Debugging

Beside checking the logs, you can also analyze the files in the `dataDir` (see config).

There are two files that help writing the config and checking the results.

- `device-data.json` - contains raw json received from Chirpstack. Can be used to verify mapping[].register.value configuration.
- `register-map.json` - contains all register values provided via modbus. All values are formatted as int.

Example `device-data.json`:

```
{
  "0000000000000000-1": {
    "adr": true,
    "applicationID": "1",
    "applicationName": "default",
    "data": "AAMEAQNLg==",
    "devEUI": "0000000000000000",
    "deviceName": "0000000000000000",
    "fCnt": 1,
    "fPort": 1,
    "object": {
      "temp": 22.8,
      "vBat": 3.542,
      "version": "v0.3.4"
    },
    "rxInfo": [
      {
        "gatewayID": "0000000000000000",
        "loRaSNR": 8.8,
        "location": {
          "altitude": 0,
          "latitude": 0,
          "longitude": 0
        },
        "name": "default",
        "rssi": -36,
        "uplinkID": "ce2e086a-d747-4813-9428-b7a4a45abcc8"
      }
    ],
    "txInfo": {
      "dr": 0,
      "frequency": 868300000
    }
  }
}
```

Example register-map.json:

```
{
  "Register": {
    "100": {
      "Val": 0,
      "Type": 1,
      "UpdatedAt": "2020-02-07T13:44:03.39750918Z"
    }
  }
}
```

Configuration file

Register Types

For mapping `[device].register.type` the following types are valid:

| "type" Parameter | Register Count |
|------------------|----------------|
| int16 | 1 |
| uint16 | 1 |
| uint32 | 2 |
| int32 | 2 |
| float32 | 2 |

Example Configuration

```
# The application stores persistent data at this path
dataDir: /mnt/ssd/var/data/lobaro-modbus-server/

# Chipstack configuration. Required to manage configured LoRaWAN devices.
chirpstack:
  server: http://localhost:8080
  broker: localhost
  appId: 1
  username: admin
  password: admin

# Modbus configuration.
# <v1.2.0: Serial mode is fixed at: 8 Data bits, Even Parity, 1 Stop bit
# (8E1)
modbus:
  baud: 19200
  dataBits: 8 # since v1.2.0
  parity: "even" # no, even (default), odd - since v1.2.0
  stopBits: 1 # 1 (default), 1.5, 2 - since v1.2.0
  slaveId: 1
  port: /dev/ttyUSB0

# Mapping from LoRaWAN Sensors to Modbus Registers
mapping:
  # LoRaWAN Sensor parameters
  - devEUI: 0000000000000000
    appKey: 00000000000000000000000000000000
    # Chirpstack Device Profile to use. Includes the Payload Parser.
    devProfile: lobaro-environment
    devName: "name of device in chirpstack"
    # Register mapping for this device
    # One device can fill any number of registers.
    # The server will check for overlapping definitions on start.
    register:
      # Modbus Address (do NOT prefix with 0, else it's octal)
      - addr: 1
        # The value to be mapped.
        # Usually the value is taken from the Chirpstack Parser result JSON
        # and can be selected via JSON Path as handled by https://github.
        com/tidwall/gjson
        # There are some special values:
        # @age - age of last update in minutes (for any register of this
        device)
        # @now - Current time as Unix Timestamp
        value: "@age" # age of last update in minutes (for any register of
        this device)
        # Data type of the value. Default byte order is LittleEndian
        # Supported types are: int16, uint16 (more will come in future
        versions)
        type: int16
        # The value is only for messages on the specified port, 0 for
        "every". Default: 0
        port: 0
        # The register value is multiplied with the given factor, 0 is
        ignored. Default: 1
        factor: 1

      - addr: 2
        port: 1 # status packet
        value: "object.vBat"
        type: int16
        factor: 1000
      - addr: 3
        port: 2
```

```

        value: "object.temperature"
        type: int16
        factor: 10
-   addr: 4
    port: 2
    value: "object.humidity"
    type: int16
    factor: 10
-   addr: 5
    port: 2
    value: "object.pressure"
    type: int16
    factor: 10
-   addr: 6
    port: 2
    value: "rxInfo.0.rssi"
    type: int16
-   addr: 7
    port: 2
    value: "txInfo.dr"
    type: int16
    -   addr: 8
        port: 128
        value: "0x0102" # value to be sent as downlink, either as
hex (prefixed with "0x") or base64 string
        type: downlink

# A second device as example
-   devEUI: 0000000000000000
    appKey: 00000000000000000000000000000000
    devProfile: lobarone-wire
    register:
    -   addr: 100
        value: "@age" # age of last update in minutes (for any register of
this device)
        type: int16
    -   addr: 101
        port: 1 # status packet
        value: "object.vBat"
        type: int16
        factor: 1000
    -   addr: 102
        port: 2
        value: "object.sensors.0.temp"
        type: int16
        factor: 10
    -   addr: 103
        port: 2
        value: "rxInfo.0.rssi"
        type: int16
    -   addr: 104
        port: 2
        value: "txInfo.dr"
        type: int16
    -   addr: 105
        port: 128
        value: "dGVzdF9kb3dubGluaw==" # value to be sent as
downlink, either as hex (prefixed with "0x") or base64 string
        type: downlink
    -   addr: 106
        type: downlink-var
        len: 5 # 107-111

```

Send Fixed Downlinks

Send a predefined downlink packet to a configured port to a LoRaWAN device with a single write to a modbus register.

Configuration

```
mapping:
  register:
    - addr: 8
      port: 128
      value: "0x0102" # value to be sent as downlink, either as hex
        (prefixed with "0x") or base64 string
      type: downlink
```

Set the register to type "downlink" to allow sending the "value" via LoRaWAN to the device.

With the example above:

- Write any value to modbus register with address 8
- A downlink "0x0102" will be queued on port 128
- The register will keep the written value in case of success. In case of error the value will be 0.

Send Variable Downlinks

Send variable downlinks to a variable ports. Payload must be written to a set of defined modbus registers per LoRaWAN Device.

First, specify a new register under the device of your choice with type `downlink-var`. Then, set the following options for it:

- **Len:** How many modbus registers (following this register) should be assigned as storage for the variable downlink.
- **Confirm:** Whether to ask the device for acknowledgement of reception of the sent downlink (`false` or `true`)

Configuration

```
mapping:
  register:
    - addr: 123
      type: downlink-var
      len: 7 # storing in registers 124-130
      confirm: true
```

The resulting structure at the configured address *addr* will be:

| Downlink Trigger | Downlink data | ... | Downlink data |
|------------------|---------------|-----|---------------|
| addr | addr+1 | ... | addr+len |

After (re-)starting the modbus server to apply the new config:

1. Write your desired downlink (bytes) to the downlink data registers, starting at *addr+1*.
 - a. You can only write $2 * len$ bytes at maximum! Extra bytes will be discarded.
2. Optional: Write 0x0000 to the downlink trigger register at *addr* to clear the register (no downlink will be queued!)
3. Write *<port><length>* to the downlink trigger register at *addr*, using 1 byte each for the designated FPort and downlink length **in bytes**.
 - a. Example: Send downlink to port 128 (0x80), 10 (0x0A) bytes long: Write value 0x800A to register *addr*.

To check if the downlink was successful, read the trigger register and check its value:

- *Register value = <port><length>*: The downlink was successfully queued.
- *Register value = 0*: The downlink couldn't be queued for your device. Check the server log for more details.

Chirpstack

The gateway uses a local Chirpstack server. Access management interface on `https://<gw-ip>:8080`.

Documentation can be found on [Chirpstack.io](https://chirpstack.io).

For each type of device the `lobaro-modbus-server` needs to reference a Device Profile. See: [Chirpstack Device Profile Management](#). The Device Profile of each LoRaWAN device must be referenced by its name or UUID in the `lobaro-modbus-server.yml` config file.

Gateway administration

When ever any file on the SD-Card need to change make sure to execute

```
~/enableWriteAccess.sh
```

Change password

Login via SSH (see: [Remote access](#))

```
passwd
```

Change IP address

IMST

```
sudo vim /etc/network/interfaces
```

```
pi@LoRaGateway:~ $ cat /etc/network/interfaces
# interfaces(5) file used by ifup(8) and ifdown(8)

# Please note that this file is written to be used with dhcpcd
# For static IP, consult /etc/dhcpcd.conf and 'man dhcpcd.conf'

# Include files from /etc/network/interfaces.d:
source-directory /etc/network/interfaces.d

auto lo
iface lo inet loopback

# DHCP (Default, comment line to disable DHCP)
iface eth0 inet manual

# Fixed IP (Uncomment to enable or use /etc/dhcpcd.conf)
#auto eth0
#iface eth0 inet static
#    address 10.0.0.42/24
#    gateway 10.0.0.1
```

RAK

```
sudo vim /etc/dhcpcd.conf
```

Edit last lines to:


```
# RAK_eth0_IP
profile static_eth0
static ip_address=192.168.0.1/24
static routers=192.168.0.1

interface eth0
fallback static_eth0
```